

Table 3: Factors that negatively influence the success of transition from child to adult-oriented healthcare

The Patient	The Family	Pediatric Caregivers	Adult Caregivers
<p>Immaturity.</p> <p>Severe Disability.</p> <p>Psychopathology.</p> <p>Poor support system.</p> <p>Decreased trust in caregivers.</p> <p>Poor adherence to treatment.</p>	<p>Excessive need for control.</p> <p>Extreme dependence on provider.</p> <p>Psychopathology.</p> <p>Parenting style leading to overprotection.</p> <p>Decreased trust in caregivers.</p>	<p>Reluctance to give up caring for patient.</p> <p>Perception of short survival of patient.</p> <p>Ambivalence towards transition and transfer of care.</p>	<p>Lack of familiarity managing rare, congenital diseases.</p> <p>Lack of familiarity managing childhood conditions.</p>